

SURVEY OF HISTORICAL DATABASES WITH LONGITUDINAL MICRO-DATA

For more information about this questionnaire or questions about entering specific information, please mail George Alter (alter@indiana.edu) and/or Kees Mandemakers (kma@iisg.nl).

1/ Identifying information

Name of database:	Base TRA Patrimoine
Location:	Paris
Web-address:	None
Name contact person:	Jérôme Bourdieu
Email-address contact person:	Jerome.bourdieu@ens.fr
Postal Address:	INRA 48, boulevard Jourdan 75014 Paris
Tel. number:	33 1 43 13 63 67

2/ Main objective and scope of the database:

Individual and familial wealth accumulation in France (1800-1940)

3/ Sources: Please enter Yes or No and the time period for the main sources included in the database

Yes /no	Start year	End year	Type of source	Comments
N			Baptisms	
N			Marriages from church registers	
N			Burials	
N			Population registers (continuous) maintained by a church	
N			Civil birth certificates	
Y	1800	1900	Civil marriage certificates	
N			Civil death certificates	
N			Civil population registers	
N			Census	

N			Nominative lists	
Y	1800	1940	Other: wealth at death registers	
Y	1850	1900	Other: military registers	
Y/N			Other:	
Y/N			Other:	

4/ How was the sample (or samples) defined?

The sample is selected on the basis of last names first letters T, R, A in order to built a representative sample of Frenchmen dying from 1800 to 1940

5/ Units of observation:

Please enter Y or N for each unit that can be followed over time

		Comments:
Y	Individuals	We had to assemble information on individuals that came from various locations
Y	Married couples	We have collected some information on spouse
Y	Families	We have partially reconstructed family links
N	Households	
N	Farms	
Y/N	Other:	
Y/N	Other:	
Y/N	Other:	

6/ Describe the geographic area under observation

The sample covers France at least a large number of departments

7/ Is information available about related individuals who are not in the sample?

Examples:

Marriage registers often include occupations of parents.
 A population register sample may include everyone in the household of an individual in the sample.

Yes : it's the case for marriage registers and for inheritors in the wealth registers.

8/ What events can be identified? Do events have dates?

Y/N	Event	Are these events dated? Y/N/P(= partial dates, e.g. year only)	
Y	Birth	Y	Comment:
Y	Marriage	Y	Comment:
Y	Death	Y	Comment:
Y	Migration	N	Comment:
Y/N	Other:	Y/N/P	Comment:
Y/N	Other:	Y/N/P	Comment:
Y/N	Other:	Y/N/P	Comment:

9/ These questions describe the way observation is censored.

A) How do individuals enter observation?

We observe individual at death

B) How do individuals leave observation?

C) Are some entry or exit dates unknown?

D) Are some entries or exits interval censored (i.e. the exact date is unknown, but it can be located between two known dates)?

10/ Residence and Household (Y/N/Partly)

Y	Can observations be linked to residential locations?
N	Are the dates and locations of movements within the observation area recorded?
N	Are all individuals who lived in the households of members of the sample recorded?

11/ Kinship relations

A) How is kinship recorded in the sources?

We have the name of inheritors.
We have made partial family reconstitution

B) How deep (number of generations) is the available kinship information?

From two to seven generation

12/ Linkage

Which sources and units of observation have been linked?

	Y/N/Partly	Comments:
Births/Baptisms	N	
Marriages	N	
Deaths/Burials	N	
Population registers	N	
Census	N	
Nominative lists	N	
Other:	Y/N/P	
Other:	Y/N/P	
Other:	Y/N/P	
Other:	Y/N/P	

How is linkage represented in the database? For example, do all occurrences of an individual include a universal identification number? Are records linked to each other but not to a universal ID?		
13 / What data structures have been added to the information in the sources?		
		Comments:
Y/N	Date of entry and date of exit by individual	
Y/N	Events by individual	
Y/N	Time constant information (date of birth, sex, etc.) by individual	
Y/N	Husband-Wife pairs	
Y	Mother-child and Father-child pairs	Not yet completed and only Father-child pairs
Y/N	Other:	
Y/N	Other:	
Y/N	Other:	
Y/N	Other:	
14/ What reference/coding systems have been linked to the data?		
Y	Occupational titles (like HISCO):	
Y	Locations (including geo-referenced systems):	
N	Other (religion, civil status etc.):	
Y/N	Other:	
Y/N	Other:	
Y/N	Other:	

**15/ Have you developed any software for analysis or data extracting?
Please describe the capabilities and outputs of these programs.**

We use standard procedures under ACCESS and Stata.